BA Archaeology For students entering Part 1 in 2003

Awarding Institution: Teaching Institution: Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group(s): Faculty of Science Date of specification: April 2005 Programme Director: Dr Janet DeLaine Programme Adviser: Professor Grenville Astill Board of Studies: Archaeology Accreditation: Not appropriate

UCAS code: V400

The University of Reading The University of Reading Archaeology Programme length: 3 years

Http://www.rdg.ac.uk/Archaeology

Summary of programme aims

The programme aims to provide a thorough degree-level education in Archaeology, combining practical experience (in the field and laboratory) with academic study of the archaeology of prehistoric, protohistoric, Roman and medieval Europe and the Mediterranean region. This programme is distinctive in its emphasis on the application of archaeological techniques and theory, particularly through the Silchester Field School. Students will expand the range, depth and sophistication of their knowledge of archaeology through the structured progression of the programme through Parts 1, 2 and 3.

Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to develop their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team working and use of information technology. Students of Archaeology will also develop skills in the critical analysis of data, and be able to think comparatively and cross-culturally. Through practical and field work they will also have the opportunity to develop proficiency in decision-making, and a sense of personal and group responsibility.

Programme content

The profile which follows states which modules must be taken (the compulsory part) together with one or more lists of modules from which the student must make a selection (the option modules). Students must choose such additional modules as they wish, in consultation with their programme adviser, to make 120 credits in each Part. The number of credits for each module is shown after its title. In Part 1 the remaining credits can be made up from any optional modules and/or from modules elsewhere in the University. In Parts 2 and 3, up to 20 credits can be taken from modules available elsewhere in the University.

Part 1 introduces the history and methods of the discipline of archaeology, reviews basic evidence for past lifestyles and human social development, and explores the place of archaeology in contemporary society. Part 2 provides the opportunity to engage with primary archaeological data, through participation on the Silchester Field School, and through the study of archaeological science and data analysis. Approaches to interpretation are explored, and modules are provided on prehistoric, Roman and medieval archaeology, primarily in Britain, continental Europe and the Mediterranean region. In Part 2 recommended options have been suggested for students intending to take Archaeology as a vocational degree. For those seeking a broader Arts degree, we encourage greater flexibility, including the choice to take up to 20 credits in any other department. Part 3 encourages increasing specialisation, through the provision of a range of special subjects from which a choice is made, and the opportunity to research a topic independently through the dissertation.

Part 1 (three terms)

Credits Level

Credits

Level

Students must take all three Archaeology modules (totalling 60 credits), and choose a combination of 60 credits from an additional one or two subjects, chosen from modules available elsewhere in the University.

Compulsory modules

AR1TS1	Archaeological Practice	20	С
AR1P1	Introduction to World Prehistory	20	С
AR1RM1	Introduction to Historical Archaeology	20	С

Part 2 (three terms)

There are three compulsory modules, plus a number of recommended options for vocational students, totalling 120 credits. Those interested in a broader degree may replace any of the recommended options with one or more further period modules chosen from any group, and/or up to 20 credits chosen from modules available elsewhere in the University. Of the 120 credits, 5 are taken up by Career Management Skills.

Compulsory modules

AR2F3	Silchester Field School (summer vacation)	20	Ι
AR2F1	Professional Skills in Archaeology (including Career	10	Ι
	Management Skills)		
AR2T1	Archaeological Thought	10	Ι

Recommended Options for Vocational Students:

AR2S1	Archaeological Science	20	Ι
AR2F5	Techniques in Artefact Interpretation	10	Ι
AR2F6	Techniques in Skeletal Interpretation	10	Ι

AND:

Two period modules chosen from different groups in the following list:

Group I			
AR2P4	The Middle Palaeolithic of Europe and SW Asia	20	Ι
AR2P2	Later Prehistoric Europe	20	Ι
Group 2			
AR2R1	'Celts' and Romans in Northern Europe	20	Ι
AR2R2	Rome and the Mediterranean	20	Ι
Group 3			
AR2M1	Post-Roman & Early Medieval Europe	20	Ι
AR2M2	Later Medieval Europe	20	Ι

odules is su	bject to availability of staff and will require a minimum number of partic optional modules will be at the discretion of the Programme Director)		
AR3S1	Environmental Archaeology and the Cultural Landscapes of	20	Н
	Prehistory		
AR3S2	Environment and Landscape in Historic Periods	20	Н
AR3S4	Micromorphology and the study of early agricultural and urban	20	Н
	settlements and landscapes		
AR3T1	Burial Archaeology	20	Η
AR3T2	Gender Archaeology: Sex, Sexuality and Gender in the study of the	20	Н
	past		
AR3T3	Museum Studies	20	Н
AR3T4	Material Culture Studies in Archaeology	20	Η
AR3P12	Prehistoric Hunter-gatherers	20	Η
AR3P2	Ice Age Art	20	Η
AR3P3	The Origins of Farming in the Near East	20	Η
AR3P13	The Emergence of Civilisation in Mesopotamia	20	Η
AR3P4	Social Life in the Mediterranean 7000-3000 BC	20	Н
AR3P5	Social Life in the Mediterranean 3000-500 BC	20	Η
AR3P9	British Prehistory 1: the Age of Stonehenge	20	Η
AR3P10	British Prehistory 2: the Age of Hillforts	20	Η
AR3P11	The Kingdoms of Late Iron Age Britain	20	Η
AR3R1	Early Roman Britain	20	Η
AR3R2	Roman Art in the Public Sphere	20	Η
AR3R3	Roman Art in the Private Sphere	20	Η
AR3M1	The Archaeology of Early Anglo-Saxon England	20	Η
AR3M2	Later Anglo-Saxon England	20	Н
AR3M3	Twelfth-century England – expansion or contraction?	20	Н
AR3M4	Crisis? What crisis? England in the Later Middle Ages	20	Н
AR3M5	Archaeology of Later Medieval Religion and Belief	20	Н

Part 3 (three terms)

There is a compulsory dissertation module plus a choice of option modules, totalling 120 credits. However, those interested in a broader degree may substitute up to 20 credits chosen from modules available elsewhere in the University.

Compulsory modules

AR3D1

Four of the following selected modules (to total of 80 credits):

Dissertation

(Not all optional modules will be available in any one year. The availability of all optional mo Ad

In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2 students must:

a) Obtain at least 40% in at least two of the Part 1 Archaeology modules averaged together.

b) Achieve an overall average of 40% in 120 credits taken in the examination.

c) Achieve not less than 30% in any module except that marks of less than 30% in a total of 20 credits may be condoned, provided that the candidate has pursued the course for the module(s) with reasonable diligence and has not be absent from the examination without reasonable cause.

In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3 students must:

Credits Level

Η

40

- a) Obtain at least 40% in the compulsory modules.
- b) Achieve an overall average of 40% in 120 credits taken in the examination.

c) Achieve not less than 30% in any module except that marks of less than 30% in a total of 20 credits may be condoned, provided that the candidate has pursued the course for the module(s) with reasonable diligence and has not be absent from the examination without reasonable cause.

Summary of teaching and assessment

Teaching is delivered in modules that involve (i) both lectures and seminars or workshops (Parts 1 & 2); (ii) work in the field and laboratory (Part 2); and (iii) principally seminars (Part 3). Modules are assessed by a mixture of coursework and formal examination, with the proportion of coursework (including seminar performance) increasing as the degree progresses. The Silchester Field School is assessed entirely by coursework, including both performance in the field and a formal piece of assessed work. The final year dissertation comprises a piece of independent research, directed through a series of one-to-one tutorials, and assessed entirely by coursework (including a research design and an oral presentation).

The conventions for classification are included in the Programme Handbook but you should note that weighting between Part 2 and Part 3 for classification purposes is 33% and 67%.

Admission requirements

No previous experience of Archaeology is required for admission. Because Archaeology draws on many elements of the Arts and Sciences, almost any combination of A-Levels will be appropriate. Entrants should have achieved:

UCAS Tariff: Either: 260 points from 3 full A-levels, or: 280 points from 3 A-levels and 1 AS level.

International Baccalaureat: 30 points Scottish Highers: BBBB Irish Leaving Certificate: BBBBC

Applications from mature candidates are welcomed. A mature applicant is more likely to receive an offer of a place if he or she has undertaken or is undertaking recent study, for example one or more A levels or an Access course, but each case is assessed on its individual merits. You are advised to contact an Admissions Tutor as soon as possible to discuss your individual circumstances.

Applications from international students are welcomed. If you are not offering A-levels or an International Baccalaureat, we advise you to contact an Admissions Tutor before applying in order to discuss the acceptability of your qualifications. IELTS Band 7 (or equivalent) will be required for those whose education has not been undertaken in English.

Admissions Tutors: Prof. Richard Bradley

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@IL) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules

offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. Student guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Special Needs Advisor, Study Advisors, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union. Support for students in their studies is provided through the University's Personal Academic Record (PAR) Scheme, in which students meet their personal tutors regularly to review their progress.

The Departmental Handbooks issued to Part 1 and to degree course students provide extensive information on resources and study skills. The Department occupies a purpose-built structure with further shared facilities providing a research laboratory, teaching laboratories, computer laboratories, and space for undergraduates to work in the Department (including a Reading Room). There are also traditional and digital drawing office facilities; geophysical and tacheometric survey equipment; excavation equipment; soil and sediment coring equipment; and audio-visual resources. The University Library is well stocked with works relating to many different aspects of archaeology.

Career prospects

The degree in Archaeology at Reading is both a route into archaeology (including field archaeology, museums and heritage management), or a good basis for other careers in the areas of the arts, media, management, administration, the civil service, local government, commerce, law, publishing, librarianship and teaching. The emphasis on field training, coupled with wide academic provision in archaeological theory, science, and period and area topics, offers a broad range of vocational skills, in addition to those of communication and problem-solving. Whether direct from a BA degree, or following graduate study, a number of graduates have found positions in UK and European archaeology.

Opportunities for study abroad or for placements

The Department of Archaeology participates in an active Socrates exchange through which students can spend the second term of Part 2 at the University of Lund, Sweden.

Educational aims of the programme

The programme aims to provide a thorough degree-level education in Archaeology, combining practical experience (in the field and laboratory) with academic study of the archaeology of prehistoric, proto-historic, Roman and medieval Europe and the Mediterranean region. This programme is distinctive in its emphasis on the application of archaeological techniques and theory, particularly through the Silchester Field School. Students will expand the range, depth and sophistication of their knowledge of archaeology through the structured progression of the programme through Parts 1, 2 and 3.

The programme also aims to develop skills of critical analysis: students will be able to think comparatively and cross-culturally, to draw conclusions from archaeological evidence and to communicate these through written media. Through practical experience they will gain proficiency in problem-solving and decision-making, numeracy, information technology and working with data. Experience of teamwork in the field assists in developing skills of communication and a sense of personal and group responsibility. Through their coursework students develop skills of oral expression, independent learning, and the critical analysis of data.

Programme Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding		
A. Knowledge and understanding of:	Teaching/learning methods and strategies	
	At Part 1, all areas are taught largely through	
1. the origins and growth of archaeology as a	illustrated lectures.	
discipline; –		
	Aspects 3-5 are fundamental to all modules	
2. the current practice of archaeology within	in the programme and are taught at all levels	
its wider political, social and institutional	through lectures and seminars. Aspects 2-5	
context;	are further developed in Part 2 through	
	participation in the Field School, and in	
3. the diverse sources of evidence used by	dedicated modules by lectures, seminars and	
archaeologists, their variability and	problem-oriented class work. There is further	
reliability;	opportunity to pursue Aspects 1, 2 and 5 in	
Tenaomty,	depth through selected seminar-based options	
4. the main methods by which archaeologists	in Part 3.	
acquire, date and analyse their primary	III I alt 5.	
evidence, including scientific methods;	Aspect 6 is developed through selected	
evidence, including scientific methods,	period modules in Part 2, taught by informal	
5 the manage of intermentative emmascher		
5. the range of interpretative approaches	lectures and seminars, and through more	
applied to archaeological evidence in their	specialised, seminar-based modules in Part 3.	
historical, political and social context	In all Danta students and supported to	
(the development of extend however	In all Parts students are expected to	
6. the development of selected human	undertake independent reading on the basis	
societies from our earliest ancestors to the	of bibliographies issued for each module, and	
medieval period, particularly in Europe and	prepare essays and seminar papers. The	
the Mediterranean.	dissertation provides an opportunity for the	
	further development of independent research.	
	Assessment	
	Most knowledge is tested by a combination	
	of coursework and formal examination,	
	except that in most practical-based modules it	
	is examined entirely by coursework; the	
	dissertation is mostly by coursework. In Part	
	3, oral presentations also contribute.	

Knowledge and Understanding

Skills and other attributes

 B. Intellectual skills – Students will be able: 1. to assess the character and quality of archaeological data; 2. to synthesise and integrate evidence from multiple and diverse sources; 3. to recognise and critically evaluate past and current theoretical approaches and competing interpretations; 4. to think comparatively and cross-culturally; 5. to think critically and independently; 6. to locate, extract and assemble data and information; 7. to organise material in order to synthesise and articulate an argument effectively. 	Teaching/learning methods and strategies These skills are developed throughout the programme. Modules at all levels deal with questions of evidence and interpretation in lectures, seminars, and practicals. Set essays, seminar discussions, oral presentations and examination questions frequently involve analysis and debate of intellectual problems, particularly in Part 3 and in a dedicated module on Archaeological Thought in Part 2. Awareness of current approaches is encouraged as Part 3 options are often linked to lecturers' research interests. Individual feedback is provided on content and organisation of essays. Independent thinking is developed especially through the dissertation module for which initial preparation and regular support are provided. <i>Assessment</i> These skills are assessed in all Parts of the programme by a combination of coursework, essays, oral presentations, dissertation and examination.
 C. Practical skills – students will be able : to identify, excavate, record and analyse archaeological stratigraphy, features and deposits; to excavate, process, identify and analyse a variety of artefacts and environmental material; to recognise and interpret archaeological traces in the landscape; to prepare archaeological drawings and other forms of visual presentation; to locate, extract and appraise critically archaeological information in published sources and on the WWW; to identify and use the most appropriate software application for a specific archaeological task to plan and carry out a primary research project, working independently. 	Teaching/learning methods and strategiesSkills 1-4 are primarily taught through participation in the Field School and by problem-oriented class work in dedicated modules in Part 2, following preliminary lectures in Part 1.Skill 5 is developed throughout the programme. Bibliographies are provided for all modules, students are trained in library use, and many modules provide experience searching for information via the WWW. The IT element is additionally provided self-study sessions at Part 1, and at Part 2 through demonstrations and group practical work, in a dedicated module which also supplies Skill 6.Assessment Skills 1-4 and 6 are assessed by coursework. Skill 7 is assessed through the dissertation.

D. Transferable skills – Students will be	Teaching/learning methods and strategies
able:	
1. to communicate clearly and effectively in	Skill 1 is developed throughout the course in
speech and in a variety of types of writing;	the writing of essays, practical and laboratory
2. to deal effectively with a variety of	reports, and the dissertation, and by
numerical data and visual material;	participation in seminars.
3. to identify and devise strategies for solving	
problems;	Skills 2-5 are taught particularly through the
4. to work effectively in a team;	Field School and in the practical elements of
5. to locate information and use information	several Part 2 modules, as well as in selected
technology;	Part 3 modules.
6. to organise their own time purposefully	
and work independently;	Skill 6 is essential for the successful
7. to make informed career plans.	completion of the programme, and is
	exercised particularly through the Field School and the dissertation.
	School and the dissertation.
	Career management is taught through a
	distinct Part 2 module linked with other
	professional skills in Archaeology.
	professional skins in Arenaeology.
	Assessment
	These skills are assessed in all Parts of the
	programme by a combination of coursework,
	essays, oral presentations, dissertation and
	examination.
1	

Please note: This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably expect to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in module and programme handbooks.