BA Psychology and Philosophy

Awarding Institution: Teaching Institution:

Relevant QAA subject benchmarking group(s):

Faculty of Life Sciences

For students entering Part 1 in 2002 Programme Director: Prof P T Smith Programme Adviser: Dr J Preston

Board of Studies: BA Joint degrees with Psychology

Accreditation: British Psychological Society Graduate Basis of Registration

Summary of programme aims

The programme aims to give a thorough and broadly based training in modern Psychology and Philosophy. It aims to introduce students to the wide range of approaches that constitute modern Psychology, and to concepts and evidence within the domains of the subject required for British Psychological Society accreditation. Students have the opportunity to apply their knowledge to chosen areas of interest. They are made aware of current research - its methods, applications and unresolved issues - and learn how to evaluate research and carry it out themselves. The modules provided in Philosophy aim to give students an understanding of central philosophical principles, concepts, problems, texts and figures, and to provide a programme of study which introduces progressive intellectual challenges and consolidates previous experience at each new level. The course allows students to study in depth some aspects of Philosophy in which they have greater interest and to develop students' aptitude for Philosophy, engender a sense of belonging to a community of inquiry, and encourage intellectual development. It also is intended to prepare students, where appropriate, for possible postgraduate study and provide a supportive learning environment with full access to welfare, pastoral and careers support.

UCAS code: CV85

The University of Reading

The University of Reading

Programme length: 3 years Date of specification: May 2004

Psychology; Philosophy

Transferable skills

The University's Strategy for Teaching and Learning has identified a number of generic transferable skills which all students are expected to have developed by the end of their degree programme. In following this programme, students will have had the opportunity to enhance their skills relating to career management, communication (both written and oral), information handling, numeracy, problem-solving, team working and use of information technology.

As part of this programme students are expected to have gained experience in, and show competence in, the following: uses of IT including information search, spreadsheet, database and statistical software; presentation and analysis of quantitative data; producing concise and accurate written reports; presenting a coherent talk delivered from notes; the ability to critically discuss particular issues and arguments, and to engage in discussion of each other's responses as well as articulate the student's own views; the ability to handle abstract ideas and utilise problem-solving skills; teamwork; time management; project management; career planning.

Programme content

The profile which follows states which modules must be taken (the compulsory part), together with one or more lists of modules from which the student must make a selection (the option modules). Students must choose such additional modules as they wish, in consultation with their programme adviser, to make 120 credits in each Part. The number of modules credit for and the level of each module is shown in brackets after its title.

Part 1 (three terms)		Credits	Level			
Compulsory modules						
PY11A	Psychological Research 1	10	C			
PY11B	Perception & Learning	10	C			
PY11C	Introduction to Neuroscience	10	C			
PY12D	Psychological Research 2	10	C			
PY12E	Cognition & Applied Psychology	10	C			
PY12F	Developmental & Social Psychology	10	C			
Optional modu	les: modules to the value of at least 20 credits ch	osen from:				
PP1MW	Mind & World	20	C			
PP1VV	Values & Virtues	20	C			
PP1MR	Metaphysics & Religion	20	C			

The remaining credits to make a total of 120 can be made up from any optional modules in Philosophy and/or from modules elsewhere in the University.

Part 2 (three terms)		Credits	Level		
In Psychology:					
Compulsory mod	dules				
PY24A	Research Methods & Data Analysis 1	10	I		
PY24B	Developmental & Social Psychology 1	10	I		
PY25K	Project and Careers Skills	10	I		
At least one of:					
PY24C	Neuroscience 1	10	I		
PY25I	Neuroscience 2	10	I		
At least one of:					
PY24D	Cognition 1	10	I		
PY25J	Cognition 3	10	I		

Optional modules

Modules chosen from the following, if necessary, to make an overall total of 60 credits in Psychology:

PY24E	Cognition 2	10	I
PY24F	Applied Psychology	10	I
PY25G	Research Methods & Data Analysis 2	10	I
PY25H	Developmental & Social Psychology 2	10	I
PY25L	Clinical Psychology	10	I

British Psychological Society Graduate Basis of Registration. Psychology Part 2 modules PY24A + PY24B + either PY24C or PY25I + either PY24D or PY25J are the minimum

required for BPS accreditation. See also Part 3 Project.

In	Phil	loso	phy:

Compulsory mod	lules			
PP2MP	Moral Philosophy	20	I	
PP2TK	Theory of Knowledge	20	I	
Optional module	S			
One Module cho	sen from the following list:			
PP2AES	Aesthetics	20	I	
PP2CPP	Contemporary Political Philosophy	20	I	
PP2EMP	Early Modern Philosophy	20	I	
PP2LR	Language & Reality	20	I	
PP2L	Logic and Critical Thinking	20	I	
PP2MPT	Modern Philosophical Texts	20	I	
PP2MIN	Philosophy of Mind	20	I	
PP2ANW	Philosophy of Whitehead	20	I	
PP2PA	Plato & Aristotle	20	I	
Part 3 (three terms)		Credits	Level	
Compulsory modules				
PY3PPP**	Project for Psychology & Philosophy	40	Н	
PY3C	Contemporary Issues	10	Н	

^{**}British Psychological Society Graduate Basis of Registration. To qualify for BPS accreditation, the Project must be passed with at least 40%, and the topic chosen must be suitable to be examined by a Psychology External Examiner.

Optional modules:

Not all optional modules will necessarily be available in any year. Admission to optional modules will be at the discretion of the Programme Director.

(i) Modules to the value of 30 credits chosen from a list of Psychology options such as the following:

jouowing.			
PY3LD	Language Development	10	Н
PY3ADD	Acquired and Developmental Dyslexia	10	Н
PY3ACP	Cognitive Perspectives in Adult Clinical Psychology	10	Н
PY3IC	Implicit Cognition	10	Н
PY3CNM	Cognitive Neuropsychology of Memory	10	Н
PY3DN	Developmental Neuroscience	10	Н
PY3CN	Clinical Neuropsychology	10	Н
PY3CNV	Cognitive Neuroscience of Vision	10	Н
PY3OS	Occupational Stress	10	Н
PY3VSD	Visual & Spatial Development	10	Н
PY3CPA	Clinical Psychology of Adulthood	10	Н
PY3LCP	Language & Cognitive Processes	10	Н
PY3IR	Issues in Rationality	10	Н
PY3WMC	Working Memory & Cognition	10	Н
PY3ASD	Autistic Spectrum Disorders	10	Н
PY3PA	Perception for Action	10	Н
PY3NCP	Nature & Aetiology of Childhood Psychopathology	10	Н

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	PY3EDP	Early Experience & Developmental Psychopathology	10	Н
	PY3PCD	Psychopharmacology of Clinical Disorders	10	Н
	PY3AP	Auditory Perception	10	Н
	PY3CLM	Clinical Aspects of Learning and Memory	10	Н
	PY3SC	Social Cognition	10	Н
	PY3PP	Psychopharmacology	10	Н
	PY3BOB	Biochemistry of Behaviour	20	Н
	PY3RA	Risk & Accidents	10	Н
	PY3NHI	Neuropsychology of Head Injury & Attentional Deficits	10	Н
	PY3NP	Neuropsychiatry	10	Н
	PY3HP	Health Psychology	10	Н
	PY3CNA	Cognitive Neuropsychology of Healthy & Abnormal		
		Ageing	10	Н
	PY3FP	Forensic Psychology	10	Н
	PY3CP	Counselling Psychology	10	Н
(ii) <i>I</i>	Modules to th	ne value of 40 credits in Philosophy, chosen from the opt	ions liste	d below.
()	PP3LN	Philosophy of Language	20	Н
	PP3WO	Word & Objects	20	Н
	PP3MBC	Metaphysics: Basic Concepts	20	Н
	PP3MFT	Metaphysics: Further topics	20	Н
	PP3LWE	The Earlier Philosophy of Wittgenstein	20	Н
	PP3LWL	The Later Philosophy of Wittgenstein	20	Н
	PP3PHE	Phenomenology	20	Н
	PP3MFP	Modern French Philosophy	20	Н
	PP3RL1	Philosophy of Religion 1	20	Н
	PP3RL2	Philosophy of Religion 2	20	Н
	PP3FL	Further Logic	20	Н
	PP3PL	Philosophy of Logic	20	Н
	PP3CS	Philosophy of Cognitive Science	20	Н
	PP3NS	Philosophy of Natural Science	20	Н
	PP3SS	Philosophy of Social Science	20	Н
	PP3LAW	Philosophy of Law	20	Н
	PP3CAP	Philosophy of Crime & Punishment	20	Н
	PP3IGE	Intergenerational Ethics	20	Н
	PP3INE	International Ethics	20	Н
	PP3SEX	Philosophy of Sex	20	Н
	PP3EAS	Ethics & Sex	20	Н
	PP3KNT	Philosophy of Kant	20	Н
	PP3EIN	Ethical Intuitionism	20	Н
	PP3CMT	Contemporary Moral Theory	20	Н
	PP3PIS	Ethics & Animals	20	Н
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Progression requirements

Environmental Ethics

PP3EE

Part 1. To gain a threshold performance at Part 1 a student shall normally be required to achieve an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 1, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits. **In order to progress from Part 1 to Part 2 in Psychology and Philosophy**, a student shall normally be required to achieve a

threshold performance at Part 1 and to have obtained at least 40% in the Psychology modules PY11A, PY11B, PY11C, PY12D, PY12E and PY12F averaged together, with at least 30% in 5 or more of those 6 modules; and to have obtained at least 40% in the Philosophy module(s) averaged together.

Part 2. To gain a threshold performance at Part 2 a student shall normally be required to achieve: an overall average of 40% over 120 credits taken in Part 2, and a mark of at least 30% in individual modules amounting to not less than 100 credits.

In order to progress from Part 2 to Part 3, a student should normally be required to achieve a threshold performance at Part 2.

To be eligible for Honours students must pass the Project module.

Summary of teaching and assessment

In Psychology, teaching is organised in modules that typically involve lectures. Practical work is carried out either in large or small groups (Parts 1 and 2) or individually (Part 3 project/dissertation). Many modules are supported by tutorial groups or seminars. In Philosophy, teaching combines lectures, small group seminars and supervisions, with appropriate visual aides and course materials being provided throughout. Some modules are assessed wholly by coursework, some wholly by examination, and others by a mixture of the two: details are given in the module descriptions.

Formative assessment, for guidance purposes, also includes written work (essays of 1,500 word length in Part 1, essays of 2,000 word length in Parts 2 and 3), oral presentations and performance in small group seminars.

The assessment is carried out within the University's degree classification scheme, details of which are in the programme handbooks. Part 2 contributes one third of the final assessment and Part 3 the remaining two thirds.

Admission requirements

Entrants to this programme are normally required to have obtained: Grade C or better in Mathematics in GCSE; and to have achieved:

A Levels at ABB; or

International Baccalaureat: 33 points including 5 in Ordinary Mathematics; or

Irish Leaving Certificate: AABBB; or

Access Course credits at levels 3 and 2 to be confirmed

Mature students: Applications from mature students are welcomed. A mature applicant is more likely to receive an offer of a place if he or she has undertaken recent study, for example 2 or more A levels or an Access course, but each case is assessed on its relative merits. We recommend you contact the admissions tutor as soon as possible to discuss your individual circumstances.

International Students: Applications from international candidates are welcomed. If you are not offering A levels we advise you to contact either the EU or the international admissions tutor before applying, in order to discuss the acceptability of your qualifications.

Admissions Tutor: Dr Patricia Riddell (Psychology). Admissions Officer: Mrs Teresa Young (Psychology).

Support for students and their learning

University support for students and their learning falls into two categories. Learning support includes IT Services, which has several hundred computers and the University Library, which across its three sites holds over a million volumes, subscribes to around 4,000 current periodicals, has a range of electronic sources of information and houses the Student Access to Independent Learning (S@IL) computer-based teaching and learning facilities. There are language laboratory facilities both for those students studying on a language degree and for those taking modules offered by the Institution-wide Language Programme. guidance and welfare support is provided by Personal Tutors, the Careers Advisory Service, the University's Disability Officer, Study Advisors, Hall Wardens and the Students' Union.

Support for students in their studies is provided through the University's Personal Academic Record Scheme (PARS), in which students meet their personal tutors regularly to review their progress.

There are Programme Advisers to offer advice on the choice of modules within the programme. In Psychology, each Part of the programme has a Year Tutor, whose role is to provide information to students in that year, monitor their progress (liaising with the Course Administrator) and advise those who fall behind in academic work. Staff with relevant expertise, e.g. in dyslexia, support the departmental Disability Officer. Staff's specialised laboratories are available for use in student research projects.

Career prospects

Because the degree is accredited by the British Psychological Society, graduates are qualified to enter training as, for example, clinical or educational psychologists. Psychology graduates move into an extremely wide range of careers with some bias towards health and education, but extending to many other professional roles. Graduates with a Philosophy background have gone into jobs in both the public and private sectors. In the public sector, jobs include academic and academic-related jobs (e.g. lectureships, administrative posts on research boards), and the civil service. In the private sector, recent jobs include working for computer firms and large finance and insurance companies. In general, there is some evidence that IT firms appreciate the logical and analytic skills of the Philosophy graduate. Furthermore, a survey by the Royal Institute of Philosophy found that graduates with British Philosophy degrees consider their degree course to have been very relevant to their jobs, and report a very high level of job satisfaction.

Educational aims of the programme

The programme aims to give a thorough and broadly based training in modern Psychology and Philosophy. It aims to introduce students to the wide range of approaches that constitute modern Psychology, and to concepts and evidence within the domains of the subject required for British Psychological Society accreditation. Students have the opportunity to apply their knowledge to chosen areas of interest, increasing their degree of choice and independence as they move through the programme. They are made aware of current research - its methods, applications and unresolved issues - and learn how to evaluate research and carry it out themselves, with staff research expertise providing stimulation, guidance and high-quality laboratory facilities.

The Philosophy half of the programme aims

to give students an understanding of central philosophical principles, concepts, problems, texts and figures

- to provide a programme of study which introduces progressive intellectual challenges and consolidates previous experiences at each new level
- to require students to study in depth some aspects of Philosophy in which they have a greater interest
- to develop students' aptitude for Philosophy, engender a sense of belonging to a community of enquiry, encourage intellectual development and prepare students, where appropriate, for possible postgraduate study
- to provide a supportive learning environment with full access to welfare, pastoral and careers support

The central *objective* of the Philosophy component is to cultivate the ability to do, and not just to read, Philosophy.

Programme Outcomes

The programme provides opportunities for students to develop and demonstrate knowledge and understanding, skills, qualities and other attributes in the following areas:

Knowledge and Understanding

- A. Knowledge and understanding of:
- 1. concepts, theories and evidence in at least five out of six core domains of methods. Psychology: research individual differences. biological, cognitive, developmental and social psychology;
- 2. key historical aspects of Philosophy
- 3. awareness of philosophical terms and concepts
- 4. a broad variety of methods and approaches used in psychological and philosophical research
- 5. practical applications of psychological theory and research
- 6. ethical issues in research and appropriate conduct by researchers
- 7. a selection of more specialist optional topics.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The knowledge required for 1 - 7 is delineated in lectures and seminars. 4 is further supported by practical classes and exercises, microprojects and the Part 3 project or dissertation. Students also learn about 6 from participating in research studies in which the principles are made explicit, and while planning the Part 3 project. Part 3 optional modules, cover 7 and extend earlier work to a more advanced level.

Assessment

Most knowledge is assessed by unseen or open-book examinations, coursework essays and other exercises, and reports on empirical work. The Part 3 project or dissertation assesses 4 - 6 in the planning and final report, and through the rationale for the choice of methods.

Skills and other attributes

B. Intellectual skills – able to:

- 1. analyse the logical construction of arguments
- 2. produce and defend positions in response to critical pressure
- 3. analyse and solve problems
- 4. organise tasks into a structured form
- 5. transfer appropriate knowledge and methods from one area within a subject to another and across disciplines when appropriate
- 6. use evidence-based reasoning to argue or evaluate a claim
- 7. apply multiple perspectives and levels of explanation to understand behaviour
- 8. critically evaluate the design and conduct of psychological research
- 9. critically read, comprehend and evaluate a large range of philosophical texts
- 10. synthesise information from a range of sources, providing a coherent overview of positions in logical space

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

As above, plus: self-directed learning facilitated through the use of research-based teaching materials and methods, and logical exercises.

Assessment

Guidance on student progress is given by feedback on coursework essays, reports and seminar presentations, plus discussion in tutor-led small groups and seminars. Logical exercises will also be evaluated in the Logic & Critical Thinking module. The module grade in Psychology is determined by a combination of coursework (essays, statistics exercises, reports of empirical work) and largely unseen written exams. In Philosophy the module grade is determined by the results of unseen written exams.

C. Practical skills – able to:

- 1. use statistical software in an appropriate manner
- choose and apply appropriate dataanalytic techniques to psychological
- 3. search for information, using suitable sources, about a specific topic
- 4. plan and carry out empirical studies with guidance or supervision
- 5. write concise and accurate reports on variety of topics, including empirical studies.
- 6. Present a coherent talk delivered from notes.
- 7. Critically discuss particular issues and arguments, and to engage in discussion of each other's responses as well as articulate their own.
- 8. Utilise problem-solving skills.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

Practical work and assignments are designed to enhance skill 1, including some practicals software especially relevant Dedicated Psychology. modules Psychology using lectures, practical classes and exercises cover 2, 3 and the principles underlying 4. Further learning of 2 - 5 takes place through Psychology practical classes, microprojects and the Part 3 project. Skill 6 forms part of tutorials and seminars in Years 2 and 3. Skills 7 and 8 are central to much of the Philosophy teaching.

Assessment

Skill 2 is tested both formatively in coursework summatively and examinations, and 1 in coursework that involves computer-based analysis. 1, 2, 4 and 5 are assessed in reports on practical classes and microproject reports; and skills 1 to 5 are assessed in the Psychology project. Skills 5 to 8 are assessed in Philosophy via feedback coursework essavs and presentations, and via unseen examinations.

D. Transferable skills – able to:

- 1. use IT to write, to present information visually, for statistical analyses and computation, to manage and analyse data, to communicate and to find information (especially via the internet)
- 2. communicate information concisely or at length in writing
- give oral presentations
- work with a group
- 5. plan and implement a project
- utilise problem-solving skills in a variety theoretical and more practical situations.
- manage time effectively and prioritize workloads.
- evaluate his/her own performance, and recognize the steps required improvement.
- 9. start planning a career.

Teaching/learning methods and strategies

The use of IT is embedded throughout the programme (e.g. in such packages as Excel, SPSS, NUD*IST, etc.). 2 and 3 are reinforced in several Psychology and Philosophy modules, and 4 in microprojects in Psychology. Competence at 5 and 6 are progressively developed through microprojects and the Part 3 research project or dissertation. 7 is encouraged by staged deadlines and is essential for the timely and effective completion of the programme. Students work on 8 and 9 within Personal Development (Psychology), but planning should reflect both fields.

Assessment

1 is required widely for coursework in both subjects, 2 for most psychology and philosophy coursework and examinations. 3 is assessed within Part 3 Psychology Options and in seminars in Philosophy. 4 forms part of microproject assessment. 5-7 are necessary for successful completion of Psychology microprojects and project . 6 and 7 are necessary for successful completion of coursework in Philosophy. 8 and 9 are assessed within Personal Development (Psychology) which must be taken.

Please note: This specification provides a concise summary of the main features of the programme and the learning outcomes that a typical student might reasonably expect to achieve and demonstrate if he/she takes full advantage of the learning opportunities that are provided. More detailed information on the learning outcomes, content and teaching, learning and assessment methods of each module can be found in module and programme handbooks.